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Q18. Due to a 10% fall in price of a commodity, its qty demanded rises from 400 units to 450 units. Calculate its price elasticity of demand.

Q19. At a price of Rs. 50 per unit, the qty. demanded of a commodity is 1000 units. When its price falls by 10%, its qty. demanded rises to 1080 units. Calculate its price elasticity of demand. Is its demand inelastic?

Give reasons for your answer.

Q20. Price elasticity of demand of a good is (-) 1. The consumer buys 50 units of that good when price is Rs. 2 per unit. How many units will the consumer buy if the price rises to Rs. 4 per unit? (Use Total expenditure method.)

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bundles which cost him exactly ₹ 40.

Q9. Complete for MU. Also show relation between TU and MU diagrammatically using the values from this table.

Qty. consumed to consume	1	2	3	4	5	6
TU (Utility)	38	46	50	53	53	50

Q10. Find market demand from the following schedule and draw market demand curve:

Price (₹)	10	12	14	16	18
Qty by A	18	16	14	12	10
Qty by B	10	8	6	4	2
Qty by C	12	10	8	6	4

Q11. Given that demand function is $Q_d = 100 - 5P$

- Calculate demand at price of ₹ 4.
- Calculate demand at price of ₹ 6.

Q12. Calculate price elasticity of demand by expenditure method:

- Price rises from ₹ 8 to ₹ 10, demand falls from 100 to 90.
- Price rises from ₹ 4 to ₹ 5 per unit, demand falls from 100 to 80.
- Price rises from ₹ 8 to ₹ 10, demand falls from 100 units to 80 units.

Q13. A person buys 10 units of a good at ₹ 6 per unit. When the price falls to ₹ 5 per unit he buys 14 units. Calculate degree of price elasticity of demand.

Q14. Given that price elasticity of demand is 1, a consumer buys 40 units at ₹ 1 per unit. At what price will he buy 36 units?

Q15. Suppose that initial demand was 100 units. With a rise in price by ₹ 5, the quantity demanded decreases by 5 units. Elasticity of demand is 1.2. Find out initial price.

Q16. Elasticity of demand is (-) 3. If price rises from ₹ 10 to ₹ 11 per unit, what is the % change in demand?