Q. 1 Complete the following table when each unit of a commodity can be sold at ₹5.

Quantity	and the same of th				[NCER		
Sold	E RES	TR		MR	Mary.	AR	
0		Will street	+				
1							
2	-						
3							
4							
5			ere e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e e				
6	est land		Marie Cause F		(April)		
7	· ·				telata,		

Q. 2. A firm's TR schedule is given in the following table. What is the product price faced by the firm?

		<del></del>	1.1	[NCERT]		
Output	1	2	3	4	5	
TR (₹)	7	14	21	28	35	

Q. 3. Complete the following table:

[CBSE Delhi 2004] 4

Output (Units)	Price (₹)	Total Revenue (₹)	Marginal Revenue
1	7	tr en	The first of the second of
2	6	· ·	4 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
3	4		
4	2	The experience of	- 2000

Q. 4. Complete the following table:

	I TO THE SECOND METERS OF THE	[CBSE Delhi 2004]	
Total Revenue (₹)	Marginal Revenue (₹)	Average Revenue	
14		(5)	
24		W. 2004 Table 1	
24			
16		rs —	
	24 24	(₹) (₹) (₹) (₹) (₹) (₹) (₹) (₹) (₹) (₹)	

Q. 5. Complete the following table:

CRSE Dalle

Output	the second control of		[CBSE Delhi 2004]		
(Units)	Marginal Revenue (₹)	Total Revenue	Average Revenue		
mary mary L	10	_	(4)		
2	8		es e		
3	0		- 6		
4	-2		<del>-</del>		

- Q. 6. A perfectly competitive firm faces the market price equal to ₹ 15.
  - (i) Derive its TR schedule from range of output 0 to 10 units.
  - (ii) Suppose the market price increases to ₹ 17. Will the new TR curve be flatter or [NCERT] 4

Q. 7. Complete the following table:

Units of TR AR Output MR (₹) (₹) 1 2 8 3 6

Q. 8. From the following table calculate TR, AR and MR

Price		6				
Units Sold	0002798 op.	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	49	No. i	20 AV	8
	25	9,		4	\$0.000 to 20.400 to	3